approval of the application is in the public interest:

Now, therefore, the Board hereby grants to the Grantee the privilege of establishing a foreign-trade zone, designated on the records of the Board as Foreign-Trade Zone No. 219, at the site described in the application, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 2nd day of April 1997.

Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

William M. Daley,

Secretary of Commerce, Chairman and Executive Officer.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97-9261 Filed 4-9-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board [DOCKET 25-97]

Foreign-Trade Zone 202, Los Angeles, CA; Proposed Foreign-Trade Subzone, Chevron U.S.A. Inc. (Oil Refinery Complex) El Segundo, CA

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Los Angeles Board of Harbor Commissioners, grantee of FTZ 202, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the oil refinery complex of Chevron U.S.A. Inc., located in El Segundo, California. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on March 31, 1997.

The refinery complex (256,000 BPD, 1,200 employees) is located on a 1,000acre site at 324 W. El Segundo Boulevard, in El Segundo (Los Angeles County), California, some 19 miles south of Los Angeles. The refinery is used to produce fuels and petrochemical feedstocks. Fuel products include gasoline, jet fuel, distillates, residual fuels, naphthas and motor fuel blendstocks. Petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products include methane, ethane, propane, propylene, butane, petroleum coke and sulfur. Some 19 percent of the crude oil (92 percent of inputs), and some motor fuel blendstocks are sourced abroad.

Zone procedures would exempt the refinery from Customs duty payments on the foreign products used in its exports. On domestic sales, the company would be able to choose the

Customs duty rates that apply to certain petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products (duty-free) by admitting incoming foreign crude oil and natural gas condensate in non-privileged foreign status. The duty rates on inputs range from 5.25¢/barrel to 10.5¢/barrel. The application indicates that the savings from zone procedures would help improve the refinery's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is June 9, 1997. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to June 24, 1997.

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Export Assistance Center, 11000 Wilshire Blvd., Room 9200, Los Angeles, California 90024

Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 3716, U.S. Department of Commerce. 14th & Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230

Dated: April 2, 1997.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-201-802]

Gray Portland Cement and Clinker From Mexico; Final Results of **Antidumping Duty Administrative** Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of final results of antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: On May 14, 1996, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of its administrative review of the antidumping duty order on gray

portland cement and clinker from Mexico. The review covers one manufacturer/exporter, CEMEX, S.A. (CEMEX), and the period August 1, 1993, through July 31, 1994. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment.

For our final results, we have determined that CEMEX failed to cooperate with the Department. As a result, we have assigned CEMEX a margin based upon the best information available (BIA) in accordance with section 776(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Specifically, when a company refuses to cooperate with the Department or otherwise significantly impedes the proceedings, we assign as BIA the higher of: (a) The highest rate found for any firm for the same class or kind of merchandise in the same country of origin in the lessthan-fair value (LTFV) investigation or a prior administrative review, or (b) the highest rate found in this review for any firm for the same class or kind of merchandise in the same country of origin. For purposes of the instant review, the margin applied is the highest rate found for any firm in the second administrative review, i.e., CEMEX's margin, as amended pursuant to court-ordered remand proceedings, 109.43 percent. See CEMEX, S.A. v. United States, Slip Op. 96--179 (CIT Oct. 24, 1996), appeal pending, Appeal No. 97-1151 (Fed. Cir.) The "All Others" rate for this order is 61.35 percent.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 10, 1997. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nithya Nagarajan or Kristen Smith, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3793.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Applicable Statute and Regulations

The Department is conducting this review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act. Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute and the Department's regulations are in reference to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Background

On May 14, 1996, the Department published in the Federal Register (59 FR 2884) the preliminary results of its administrative review of the antidumping duty order on gray portland cement and clinker from Mexico (55 FR 35371). The Department has now completed this review in accordance with section 751(a).